PAGE: 1 PRINT DATE: 11/10/98

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) -- CIL HARDWARE

NUMBER: 04-2-BD01 -X

SUBSYSTEM NAME: AUXILIARY POWER (APUS)

REVISION: 1

09/02/98

PART DATA

PART NAME VENDOR NAME PART NUMBER
VENDOR NUMBER

LRU

: BURST DISK HYDRODYNE

ME251-0017-0001

48-6806

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EXTENDED DESCRIPTION OF PART UNDER ANALYSIS:

THE BURST DISK ASSEMBLY CONSISTS OF A SPRING/DIAPHRAGM SYSTÉM AND A SHARP CUTTING DEVICE ENCLOSED IN A PRESSURE-SEALED STEEL BODY. IT IS PROVIDED WITH A TEST PORT DOWNSTREAM OF THE DIAPHRAGM LOCATION FOR LEAK CHECK PURPOSES. IT IS LOCATED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE DRAIN SYSTÉM CATCH BOTTLE AND UPSTREAM OF THE RELIEF VALVE.

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS:

QUANTITY OF LIKE ITEMS: 3

ONE PER APU-

FUNCTION:

THE FUNCTION OF THE BURST DISK IS TO PROVIDE REDUNDANCY TO THE RELIEF VALVE AND TO PREVENT THE LOSS OF PRE-LAUNCH DRAIN SYSTEM PRESSURE THROUGH RELIEF VALVE LEAKAGE. FUEL PUMP LEAKAGE, COMBINED WITH RELIEF VALVE LEAKAGE, MAY REDUCE THE PRESSURE DOWNSTREAM OF THE FUEL TANK ISOLATION VALVE TO A LEVEL UNACCEPTABLE FOR APU PRE-START ACTIVATION OF THE ISOLATION VALVE. FLIGHT RULE A10.1.2-2 DOES NOT ALLOW FUEL TANK ISOLATION VALVE OPENING WHEN THE DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE IS LESS THAN 15 PSIA DUE TO ADIABATIC BUBBLE COMPRESSION DETONATION CONCERNS (CRIT 1/1).

PAGE 2 PRINT DATE: 11/03/98

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS FMEA -- NON-CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: 04-2-BD01-03

REVISION#: 1

09/02/98

SUBSYSTEM NAME: AUXILIARY POWER UNIT (APU)

LRU: BURST DISK ITEM NAME: BURST DISK **CRITICALITY OF THIS**

FAILURE MODE: 1R3

FAILURE MODE:

GROSS INTERNAL LEAK OR RUPTURES PREMATURELY.

MISSION PHASE:

PL PRE-LAUNCH

LO LIFT-OFF OO ON-ORBIT DO DE-ORBIT

LS LANDING/SAFING

VEHICLE/PAYLOAD/KIT EFFECTIVITY:

102 COLUMBIA

103 DISCOVERY 104 ATLANTIS 105 ENDEAVOUR

CAUSE:

CORROSION, IMPROPER TESTING, MATERIAL, HANDLING, CONTAMINATION.

CRITICALITY 1/1 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY? NO

REDUNDANCY SCREEN

A) PASS

B) N/A

C) PASS

PASS/FAIL RATIONALE:

A)

LEAK CHECK MAY BE PERFORMED DURING GROUND TURNAROUND

B)N/A-NOTE THAT BURST DISK INTERNAL LEAK IS DETECTABLE BY CYCLIC BEHAVIOR OF DRAIN SYSTEM PRESSURE.

C)
A SINGLE CREDIBLE EVENT CANNOT CAUSE LOSS OF ALL APU REDUNDANCY

- FAILURE EFFECTS -

(A) SUBSYSTEM:

NONE FOR THE FIRST FAILURE.

(B) INTERFACING SUBSYSTEM(S):

NONE FOR THE FIRST FAILURE.

PRINT DATE: 11/03/98 PAGE: 3

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) -- NON-CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: 04-2-BD01-03

(C) MISSION:

NONE WITHOUT ADDITIONAL FAILURES.

(D) CREW, VEHICLE, AND ELEMENT(S):

NONE WITHOUT ADDITIONAL FAILURES.

(E) FUNCTIONAL CRITICALITY EFFECTS:

POSSIBLE LOSS OF BOTH MISSION AND CREW/VEHICLE AFTER 5 FAILURES:

- (1) GROSS INTERNAL LEAK THROUGH BURST DISK OR BURST DISK RUPTURES PREMATURELY.
- (2) RELIEF VALVE FAILS OPEN OR HAS INTERNAL LEAK.
- (3) STATIC FUEL PUMP SEAL LEAK CAUSING FUEL PUMP INLET PRESSURE < 15 PSIA.
- (4) ANOTHER APU FAILS OR LANDING/DECEL REDUNDANCY IS LOST, NECESSITATING. USE OF APU WITH F/P STATIC LEAK.
- (5) WHEN ISOLATION VALVES ARE OPENED ON AFFECTED APU, ADIABATIC BUBBLE COMPRESSION DETONATION (ABCD) OCCURS.

- APPROVALS -

SS & PAE MANAGER

fa: D. F. MIKULA

SS & PAE ENGINEER

: K. E. BYAN

VEHICLE & SYSTEMS DESIGN : M. A. WEISER

BNA SSM

: T. FARKAS, JR.

JSC MOD

: M. FRIANT

JSC NASA*SR* 0A

: D. BEAUGH

USA/SAM

: 4. BURGHARDT

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